

[PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.]

SEVENTH CONGRESS
OF THE
UNITED STATES,

AT THE FIRST SESSION,

Begun and held at the City of Washington, in the Territory of Columbia, on Monday, the Seventh of December, one thousand eight hundred and one.

AN ACT

For the relief of LYON LEHMAN.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That there be refunded and paid to Lyon Lehman, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated by law, the sum of one thousand six hundred and eighty-four dollars, it being the amount of dues paid, by the said Lyon Lehman, to the collector of the port of New-York, on three thousand five hundred rifles and carbines, which were imported from Edinburgh, by the said Lyon Lehman, into and out of port of New-York, on board the American brig Aeolus, Captain Jethiel Wilton, in the month of October, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

A. BURR,

Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

APPROVED, March 6, 1802.

Tu: JEFFERSON,
President of the United States.

AN ACT

For the accommodation of Persons concerned in certain Fisheries therein mentioned.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That from and after the passing of this act, it shall be lawful for the collector of the customs for the district of Edenton to permit any vessel having on board salt only, after due report and entry, and security given for the duties, to proceed under the inspection of an officer of the customs to any fishery or other landing place within the district, to be designated in the subject, and there discharge the same; subject, however, in all other respects, to the regulations, restrictions, penalties and provisions established by an act passed the second of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, intituled "An Act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage."

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That every inspector or other officer of the customs, while performing duty on board any such vessel, elsewhere than in the port to which such officer may properly belong, shall be entitled to receive from the master or commander thereof, such provisions and other accommodations (see from expense) as are usually supplied to passengers, or as the state and condition of the vessel will admit.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That if by reason of the delivery of any cargo of salt, in manner aforesaid, more than fifteen working days (computing from the date of entry) shall, in the whole, be spent therein, the wages or compensation of such inspector, or other officer of the customs who may be employed on board any vessel, in respect to which such term may be exceeded, shall, for every day of such excess, be paid by the master or owner, and until paid, it shall not be lawful for the collector to grant a clearance, or to permit such vessel to depart from the district.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

A. BURR,

Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

APPROVED, March 16, 1802.

Tu: JEFFERSON,
President of the United States.

AN ACT

Further to alter and establish certain Post-Roads; and for the more secure carriage of the mail of the United States.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the following post roads be discontinued:

From Pelham to Nottingham, Well, in New-Hampshire;

From Hanover to Scituate, in Massachusetts;

From Bridgewater to Taunton;

From New-York to Saggarbourn, in the state of New-York;

From Schenectady to Sandy Hill;

From Salem to Bridgewater, in New-Jersey;

From Lumberton, by Elizabethtown, to Anderlton in North-Carolina;

From Rockford to Scull Camp, to Grayson court house;

From Amelia court house, by Prudence, to Payneville;

From Walfington to Cincinnati;

From Franklin court house to Jackson court house in Georgia;

From Ghouldson, by Geesbridge, St. Tammany's, Mecklenburg court house, Marshall's store, Christian's store, Lunenburg court house and Edmund's store, to Ghouldson;

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following post roads be established:

In Maine.

From Dennyville to Eastport;

From Machias, by Dennyville, to Scodac.

In New-Hampshire.

From Peabham, by Windham, to Londonerry;

From Haverhill, by Bath and Littleton to Lancaster.

In Massachusetts.

From Boston by Easton to Taunton;

From Hingham, by Calhaff, to Scituate;

From Springfield, by South Hadley, to Northampton;

From Sudens, by Tewfield, to Haverhill.

In Vermont.

From Middlebury to New-Haven, Monton, Hinsburg, Williston, Jericho, Essex, Welford, Fairfax, and St. John, to Huntington;

to return from Huntington by Berkshire, Easburg, Bakersfield, Cambridge, Underhill, Jericho, Richmond, Huntington, Starkfield, and Briffell to Middlebury;

From Danville, by St. Johnsbury through Berlin, to return to Ryegate.

In Connecticut.

From Hartford, by Coventry, Wyndham and Canterbury, to Plainfield;

From Middletown, by Haddam, to Saybrook;

From New-Haven, by Woodbridge, Waterbury and Watertown, to Litchfield;

From Norwich, by Litchfield, Canterbury and Brooklyn; to Pomfret.

In New-York.

From New-York, by Brooklyn, Jamaica, Hempfield, Merrick, Oysterbay South, Huntington, Islip, Patchogue, Fireplace, Moriches, West Hampton, S. uthampton and Bridgehampton, to Sag Harbor;

From Hamptons by Huntington, Smithtown, Brookhaven and Riverhead, to Southold;

From Newtown, in the county of Tioga, by Catherine town, to Geneva;

From Schenectady to Balltown Springs, Milton, Saratoga Springs, Greenfield, Helderberg, Galloway, Charlton; and again to Schenectady;

From Sandy Hill to Fort George, and through the towns of Thirnion, and Jay to Plattsburgh, and thence to the northern line of said state.

In New-Jersey.

From Woodbury, by Bridgetown, Milville, Port Elizabeth and Cape May court house, to Cape Island;

From Island court house, by Bakenridge, to Morristown;

From New Germantown, by David Miller in Washington township, and New-Hampton, to Pittstown.

In Pennsylvania.

From Lancaster, by Reading, Allentown, Bethlehem and Stroud's to Milford;

From Lebton to Jansontown;

From Jansontown, by the Cro's Roads and New Hope, to Flemington, New-Jersey;

From Chamberburg, by Mifflinburg, to Bedford;

From Downingtown, by West Chester, Kennet's Square, and New London cro's roads to the brick meeting house, in Maryland.

In Maryland.

From Reisterstown, by M'Allisterstown, Abberlown and Berlin, to Carlisle, Pennsylvania;

From Elkton, by the brick meeting house, to the Rising Sun, black horse and forrester taverns, to Lancaster, Pennsylvania;

From Wethamfer in Maryland, by Union Mills, Peterburg and Gettysburg, to Chambersburg in Pennsylvania;

From Bonnboro' by Sharpsburg and Hagerstown to Mifflinburg, Pennsylvania;

The mail from Ellicott's mills to Montgomery court house, half paid by Brookville;

In Delaware.

From Georgetown, by Broadkirk landing, to Lewes;

From Newport, by Chatham, Cochran's and Strasburgh, to Lancaster, Pennsylvania;

From Whitehyls to Frederica;

From Georgetown, by Bridge Branch and Northwell Fork Bridge, to Hunting creek or New-Market Maryland, as the postmaster may direct.

In Virginia.

From Leesburg to Centreville;

From New Dublin, by Tazewell court house, Ruffel court house, and Lee court house, to Robison's mills at the foot of Cumber mountain;

From Cumberland court house to Ca Ira;

From Coopersport court house, by Woodville and Mound's store to New-Market, in Shenandoah county;

From Yougher court house, by Aquia, to King George court house;

From Winchester, by Front Royal, to Culpeper court house;

From Braxton court house, to Steubenville, in the North Western Territory;

From Braxton court house to West Liberty;

From Brookington by Newman's and Randolph's taverns, and Dennis's store, to Henderson and Fitzgerald's store;

From Amelia court house, by Perkins's store, to Paineville;

From Willsville, in Charlotte county, by Speed and Willson's store, Sterling Yancey's and Norman's store, to Perlon court house in North-Carolina;

From Harrisville, by Field's mill, Quarlesville, McFarland's store, Lunesburg court house, Christianville, Marshallville, Mecklenburg court house and St. Tammany's store, to return by Geesbridge, Edmund's store, Field's mill to Harrisville;

From Richmond court house to Tappahannock.

In North-Carolina.

From Plymouth, to Robert Winn's, near Gen. Scott's Woodford county, a

From Jonesburg to Pasquotank river bridge;

From Rutherfordford, by John Gowin's store, to Greenville court house, in South-Carolina;

From Wilkes to Ash court house;

The road from Mount Airy to Grayson court house, in Virginia, shall pass by Scull Camp.

In Tennessee.

From Jonesborough to Carter court house;

From Nashville to Franklin;

From Knoxville to Barville;

In South-Carolina.

The road from Edgefield to Cambridge, shall pass by Amos Richardson's, and return by Northampton;

From Monk's corner over Biggin bridge, by Pineville, Murray's ferry, Santee, to Kingfield.

In Georgia.

From Ogletorpe court house, by Athens, through Clarkburg to Jackson court house.

In Kentucky.

From Shelbyville to Louvillie;

From Danville, by Pulaski court house, to Wayne court house;

In the North Western Territory.

From Marietta, by Chillicothe and Willingburg, to Cincinnati;

Sec 3. And be it further enacted, That for the better and more secure carrying of the mail of the United States, on the main post-road between Petersburg, in Virginia, and Louisville, in Georgia, the Postmaster-General shall be, and hereby is authorized and directed to engage and contract with private companies, or adventurers, for carrying the mail of the United States, for a term of time not exceeding five years, in mail coaches or stages, calculated to convey passengers thereon; Provided, that the expense thereof shall not exceed a sum equal to one third more than the whole of the present expense incurred for carrying the mail on such road on horseback. And the said Postmaster-General may, hereafter at his discretion, require as a stipulation in the contract for carrying the mail from Suffield, in Connecticut, by Windfor, in Vermont, to Dartmouth College, in New-Hampshire; that the same shall be conveyed in a carriage or line of stages: Provided, the expense thereof shall not exceed more than one third the sum heretofore given for carrying the mail on the last mentioned route by a post-rider.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of November next no other than a free white person shall be employed in carrying the mail on the post roads, either as a post-rider or driver of a carriage carrying the mail: And every contractor or person who shall have stipulated may hereafter stipulate to carry the mail, or whose duty it shall be to cause the same to be conveyed, on any of the post-roads, as aforesaid, and who shall, contrary to this act employ any other than a free white person as post-rider or driver, or in any other way to carry the mail on the same, shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of fifty dollars, one moiety thereof to the use of the United States, and the other moiety thereof to the person who shall sue for, and prosecute the same, before any court having competent jurisdiction thereof.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That all letters and newspapers to and from the attorney-general of the United States shall be conveyed by post free of postage: Provided, that all letters by him sent be franked in the manner required by the seventeenth section of the act to establish the post-office.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be authorized to allow the postmasters at the several distributing post offices, such compensation as shall be adequate for their several services in that respect: Provided, That the same shall not exceed in the whole 5 per cent. on the whole amount of postages on letters and newspapers received for distribution, and that the said allowance be made to commence on the first day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and two: Provided also That if the number of mails received and dispatched from any such office is not actually increased by the distributing system, then no additional allowance shall be made to the postmaster.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the deputy postmaster at the city of Washington, for his extraordinary expenses incurred in the discharge of the duties of his office, an additional compensation, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, to be computed from the first day of January last.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That this act shall not be construed as to affect any existing contracts for carrying the mail.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

ABRAHAM BALDWIN,

President of the Senate pro tempore.

APPROVED, May 3, 1802.

TH: JEFFERSON,

President of the United States.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Gen. Scott's Woodford county, a

BAY HORSE,

With a star in his forehead, the off hind foot white, branded on the near buttock and shoulder, but not to be made out,

fourteen and half hands high, five years old; appraised to 12s.

Edmund Beasley.

April 29th 1802.

EUROPE.

France.

PARIS May 11.

Extract from a private letter.

" The following project of a law is immediately to be submitted to the discussion of the French council of state, and no doubt it will be adopted:

LEGION OF HONOR

Art. 1. In virtue of the 87th article of the constitution, a Legion of Honor shall be formed.

2. This Legion shall be formed into 15 cohorts, each of which shall have its peculiar station.

3. National property to the amount of 150,000 francs, annually, shall be allotted to each cohort.

4. Each cohort shall consist of seven great Officers, 15 Commanders, 30 Subaltern Officers and 350 Privates;

5. The pay to be as follows: To each great officer, 5,000 francs per annum during life,

To each commandant, 2,000 do.

To each subaltern, 1,000 do.

To each private 250 do. All durant vita.

4. Every individual on his being admitted into the legion, shall swear, on his conscience and honor, that he means to devote his existence to the welfare of the Republic, to the preservation of its territory (in its integrity) and to the defense of its government, its laws and the property which has rendered it, to oppose, by all means which justice, reason and the laws authorise, every undertaking which may tend to the reformation of feudal system, of titles and immunities attached to them; in fine to exert his best and most strenuous efforts for the maintenance of liberty and equality.

7. A grand council shall be formed, consisting of the First Consul, the two Consuls, and four Councillors, one of whom is to be chosen from among the Senators, by the Senators themselves; the legislative body is to elect another, the Tribunate is to find one of its members and the Council of State chooses the fourth.

8. The First Consul, is, de jure, the chief of the Legion, and the president of the Council of Administration.

9. At each station there shall be an establishment and asylum, properly endowed, for the members of the Legion, whom old age, or wounded received in the war of liberty, either in the field or in the cabinet.

Conditions required for being admitted.

" To have received arms of honor from the hands, or by the order of the first Consul, to have rendered essential service in the war of liberty, either in the field or in the cabinet. In time of peace, a candidate must prove that he has served 25 years.—Each year in time of war tells for two; each campaign of the republican war tells for four years."

AMERICA.

New-York.

NEW-YORK, July 9,

We learn from Captain Jackson, who arrived here yesterday in 12 days from St. Mary's, that just before he failed, he was informed by a Spanish gentleman of respectability, direct from West-Florida, that the French had lately landed at that place, 35,000 troops. This news was generally believed at St. Mary's, and filled them with apprehensions of trouble from the French.

Capt. Jackson also informs us, that one of Bowles' privateers had lately taken a Spanish brig bound from the Havana for St. Augustin, valued at 40,000 pounds sterling—the same privateer had also captured a Spanish schooner loaded with flour; both of which were sent into a port the west side of Cuba, the name of which Capt. Jackson does not recollect.

Maryland.

BALTIMORE, July 9.

LIBERTY.

FRANC REPUBLIC.

ARMY OF ST. DOMINGO.

PROCLAMATION.

Head-Syndics at the Cape, 22d Prairial,

(June 10) 16th year.

The general in chief of the colony of St. Domingo, to its inhabitants.

CITIZENS,

Toussaint was a conspirator; this you will be enabled to judge by the inclosed letter directed to citizen Fontaine. I thought it my duty not to endanger the tranquility of the colony. I caused him to be arrested and embarked, and I sent him to France, where he is to account for his conduct to the French government. In another letter directed to citizen Fontaine, he discharges many invectives against Gen. Chrétoghe, and he complains that gen. Delfaffles has abandoned

He forbids Sylla to lay down his arms, and the cultivators to work on any plantation, but those intended for provisions.

He sent one of his accomplices to general Delfaffles, to induce him not to submit with good faith.

He depends much on Massinet, in St. Mark: He is arrested.

I have inflicted punishment on that miscreant; and I order all the generals of division of the army to compel all the cultivators who

are still in arms, in the mountains, to retire to their duty.

The cultivators are not the most guilty—it is those that misled them—in consequence of which every commandant of the national guard, every officer, overseer or planter who shall be found in an armed meeting, shall immediately be shot.

As to the inhabitants of Emery, I order that they shall be immediately disarmed, for having been so tardy in submission.

Gen. Brant shall cause this order to be executed.

The chief of the general staff shall cause the present order, together with gen. Toussaint's letter to be printed, published and posted; and he will, with all speed possible, send it to the whole army throughout the colony.

Signed,

LE CLERC.

Copy of ex-General Toussaint's letter.
To CITIZEN FONTAINE;

You give me no news. You endeavor to stay at the Cape as long as you can.

It is said that gen. Le Clerc is in a state of bad health at Tortuga: this you must be very particular about informing me of.

You must see _____ for arms from America, (*Novelle.*) As to the flour, for we are in want of none of the last kind, it ought not to be sent without passing through Savna, that we may know the depot where it might be placed with safety.

If you see the general in chief, tell him positively, that the cultivators won't obey me. They want to make them work at Haricourt, but the overseer ought not to do it.

I ask you if we can bribe some of the attendants of the general in chief, that we might free D——, he would be very useful to us, through his credit both in America and some where else.

Inform Gengembre that he must not leave the Bourgogne, where it is necessary the cultivators should not work.

Write to me at the plantation Najar.

Signed,

TOUSSAINT LOUVERTURE.

True copy from the original.
The general of division, chief of the general staff of the army,

DUGUA.

* It is understood by Nouville, the United States.

† Supposed to mean Develcourt, one of Toussaint's aids-de-camp.

Lexington, July 30.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia, to his correspondent in this town, dated July 13th 1802.

"The city is under some alarm on account of a vessel called the St. Domingo Packet, from the island of St. Domingo, having come up to town, and supposed communicated the fever to two or three individuals. She lost two of her crew at St. Domingo, two on her passage from thence, and one at the Lazaretto. Having been washed and fumigated, the board of health permitted her to come up to town, but have now sent her down again. It is very difficult to ascertain the truth upon these occasions, and whether what has been said are matters of fact or not. I took some pains to ascertain the matter on Saturday, and Mr. Comeygs, the president of the board of health, was at that time convinced there was no cause for uneasiness on her account, but believe the information he procured was not correct.—We hope, however, there is no danger of the disorder spreading, as she is sent away, and no doubt care will be taken to remove any suspected person."

PARIS, May 8.

Gen. Menou is arrived at Paris, and has been presented to the First Consul, who gave him the most distinguished reception.

Gen. Menou said to him—"Consul, in presenting myself before you, the grief of having seen your fairest conquest lost, is renewed."

"The fate of battles," replied the First Consul, "is uncertain. You have done all that could, after the unfortunate day of the 30th, be expected from a man of experience and talents. Your long resistance at Alexandria contributed to the good issue of the preliminaries of London. Your good and wise administration has merited the esteem of all men who appreciate its influence upon the public prosperity."

"I know very well what has passed in your army. Your misfortunes have been great without doubt, but they have not lost any of my esteem; and I shall be eager to testify it openly, in order that no clamour may be spread against your conduct."

FOR SALE,
800 ACRES OF LAND.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust from JOSIAS BULLOCK, we will sell on the 29th day of August next, at Lexington, by

AUCTION,

800 acres of LAND, lying about six miles from the Big Bone Lick, for ready money. A conveyance for the same to be made by Col. Samuel M'Dowell.

Wm. Shreve,
Jos. W. Burton,
Fras. Lowen,
Fras. Johnson,
Andw. McCalla.

Trustees

NOTICE.

AS I have invented a MACHINE for breaking, milling, or cleaning hemp or flax, for threshing grain, and sawing wood or stone, as well as other purposes, to be worked by hand, horse, water or steam, and as I have obtained a certificate from John Bradford Esq, a Justice of the Peace for the county of Fayette, and am pursuing the legal measures for obtaining a patent for the same;—do hereby forewarn all persons from making use of said invention, under the penalty of what the law directs in such cases.

George Mansell.

July 27th 1802.

* * * From the lowest calculation, the above machine will break and clean 800 pounds of hemp in one day.

NOTICE.

THAT commissioners appointed by the county court of Clark county, will meet on the twentieth day of August next at the house of James Patton, on Stoner's fork of Licking in order to take the depositions of witnesses, and to perpetuate their testimony respecting the improvement and special calls of my pre-emption of one thousand acres of land on said creek, as heir at law to John Morgan dec. and do such other acts as shall be deemed necessary and agreeable by law.

Charles Morgan.

July 27th 1802.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED from my plantation two and a half miles from Lexington, in January last, a SORREL MARE, two years old, she has three white feet, a bald face and one glas eye; any person giving information to me that I get the said Mare, shall receive the above reward.

Price Card.

July 26th 1802.

*3.

NEW TAVERN, CHILLICOTHE.

WILLIAM KEYS,

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the public, and his friends generally, that he has taken that large and commodious house (lately occupied by Cap. Thomas Gregg) at the corner of Paint and Water streets, sign of the INDIAN KING, where he has opened a Public House, & is furnished with convenient rooms & good beds for the accommodation of travellers, a large Stable with separate stalls, good pasture, &c. As it will be his principal object to furnish both house and stable with every necessary the country will afford, he hopes for the patronage of his old customers as well as others, and assures them that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to render their situation agreeable.

6w July 16, 1802.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, near Gen. Scott's in Woodford county, a SORREL HORSE Four years old, no brand 14 hands high; appraised to 15.

May 26th 1802.

TAKE NOTICE,

THAT on Monday the twenty-third day of August next, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by the county court of Mason, on the waters of Mill creek, Mason county, and to continue from day to day, to take depositions, to perpetuate testimony to establish the specificals of my entry of 750 acres, made on the waters of Mill creek, until the same be completed, and do such other and further acts as the law requires.

JESSE HORD.

July 28th 1802.

ALEX. PARKER & Co.

Have just received from PHILADELPHIA, in addition to their former assortment, India Nankeens,

India & English Flannels,

Rose Blankets,

Scarlet Cardinals assorted,

Superfine Boulting Cloths,

Knives & Forks,

Cotton Cards,

Best Coffee,

Teas,

Loaf & Muscovado Sugars,

Madeira

Sherry,

Port

Teneriffe

Pepper,

Allum,

French Indigo,

White Lead, &c.

Which they will sell on the most moderate terms for Carb, Country Linen, Linsey and Hemp.

Lexington, July 20, 1802.

N. B. A few of the best finished SAW MILL CRANKS on hand.

July 24th 1802.

THE following proceedings arose from do. Thos. Champney's having made a race with myself, which he lost. The Mule which Champney was charged with taking feloniously, was one pledged and forfeited by him, as security for the deliverance of one or two horses, to be valued by capt. Gardner and mr. Brown, to one hundred dollars, on Monday last. It is published for a warning to the public.

LEON. CLAIBORNE.

Lexington, 7 July, 1802.

Fayette County, to wit:

WHEREAS Leonard Claiborne, of Fayette county, hath this day given information upon oath to me, John Bradford, a justice of the peace for the said county, that on the 7th day of this instant, in the town of Lexington, and county aforesaid, Doctor Thomas Champney, of the county aforesaid, feloniously did take out of the stable of Robert Bradley, in the town of Lexington, a dark bay mare MULE, the property of the said Leonard Claiborne:—

These are therefore, in the name of the Commonwealth, to require you to apprehend the said Thomas Champney, and to bring before me, or some other justice of the peace for this county, to answer the premises, and further to be dealt with according to law. Given under my hand and seal this 7th day of July 1802.

JOHN BRADFORD, (Seal.)

To Thomas Ocheltree, Constable.

The above executed and returned for trial by Thomas Ocheltree, constable.

Fayette County, to wit:

SUMMON Robert Bradley and John Kerby, as witnesses for the Commonwealth.

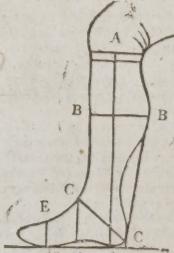
JOHN BRADFORD.

Fayette County, to wit:

UPON examining the witnesses who attended on the within charge, it appears to me, that the Mule was pledged for the payment of money lost on a race, and the within named doctor Thomas Champney, claiming the benefit of an act of assembly, entitled "An act to reduce into one the several acts to prevent unlawful gaming."—He is acquitted of the within charge. Given under my hand this 8th day of July, 1802.

JOHN BRADFORD.

THE Subscriber informs the public, that he, having received a fresh supply of the best Philadelphia BOOT-LEGS, together with fundy of the first rate WORK-MEN, is thereby enabled to furnish the fashionable part of the community with BOOTS or SHOES of the first quality, at his shop, opposite Mr. Bradford's printing office, Main street, Lexington, where he will thankfully receive orders for any article in his profession. For the convenience of persons at a distance, who may wish to supply them with Boots, &c. he has here joined a draft, by which they may take their own measures for boots and shoes as accurately as if done by himself; which measure being reduced to inches, and directed to him, will be carefully attended to as if the party were present—and any work thus made and forwarded agreeably to order, that should not give satisfaction, will, if returned uninjured, be received & the money refunded.



Explanation of the Plate.

FOR BOOTS.

A A Length of the leg from the bottom of the heel, as high as you the boot to extend.

B B C Height of the calf.

C C Heel and instep.

D D The instep.

E E The ball of the foot, round the large joint of the great toe.—Ascertain the exact length of the foot in inches.

FOR BOOTEES.

The same as above, excepting the length, which should always be long enough to admit the calf to fill up the top of the Bootee, otherwise the top (being large enough to admit the heel) will look awkward unless filled up by the calf of the leg.

Be particular in directing as to the thickness of the leather, fashion, shape &c.—All which shall be duly attended to,

N. R. PRENTISS,

Who proposes to furnish materials for boots &c. either cut to measure, or in the patterns,

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JAMES RUSSELL, deceased, are required to make immediate payment; and those who have demands against said estate, are desired to present them to the subscribers, properly authenticated, that arrangements may be made for their discharge.

JOHN JORDAN, Jun. } Adm'r
THO: BODLEY, } Lexington, July 15, 1802. 4W

STATE OF KENTUCKY.
MASON COUNTY, set. April term, 1802.
John Edgar, Complainant,
Peter Laire, Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth, and having failed to appear and file his answer agreeable to law and the rules of this court: upon motion of the complainant, by his attorney, it is ordered, that unless he appear here at the next October court, in person, or by some attorney of said court, and answer the said complaint, the same shall be taken as confessed, and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be advertised for two months successively in some public authorized paper; another posted at the door of the court house in Washington, and a third at the door of the Baptist meeting house, in said town, from Sunday immediately after divine service.

A copy, Telle,
THO. MARSHALL, Jun. c. m. c.



SPECULATOR.

WILL, stand a Fall Season at H. Taylor's farm, in Clarke county, and be let to mares at the reduced price of Fourteen Dollars, to be paid on or before the first day of November next ensuing, or Twelve Dollars Cash in hand, with One Dollar to the Groom in either instance. Season to commence, on the 4th of August, and end 15th October.

Jno. Hobbes,
Jno. Breckinridge,

H. Taylor.

4W
N. B. Good pasture gratis, but not liable for escape or accidents.

MANN'S LICK SALT,
Will be exchanged for COUNTRY LINEN & HEMP, by
SAM'L DOWRING.
Lexington, June 23d, 1802.

BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.

PARIS, May 29.
The prefects write from all the departments that the will of the citizens is unanimous for the nomination of the First Consul for life.

LONDON, May 17.
(From our correspondent at Hamburg.)
"Accounts have reached Vienna of the death of the Prince of Wallachia by Pasha Wan Oglou and of an almost general insurrection in the European provinces of the Grand Seignor.

"The accounts from Constantinople state a general rumor in the higher circles of the Turkish capital, that a body of Ottoman troops had been worsted by the Beys, and that in consequence of the present disturbed state of that country, the British forces still remaining in Egypt, had been solicited by the Turkish cabinet not to quit Alexandria. Should certain events in contemplation take place, there is great probability that Great Britain will endeavor to secure to herself the possession of that important country."

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.
Captain Callender, of the brig Amelias, from Cadiz, has furnished the following information:

The U. S. Frigate Constitution, Captain Murray, and the Enterprise schooner, Lieut. Sterret, had proceeded for Tripoli. The Essex, Capt. Bainbridge, remained cruising in the neighborhood of Gibraltar.

A number of Algerine pirates were at sea, and it was generally reported they were bound for Spain; having plundered several Spanish vessels in the Mediterranean.

It was rumored that an Algerine frigate had captured a Portuguese ship of 40 guns; it was likewise reported and generally believed that a pirate had been discovered in the waters there were various reports of vessels having been plundered by her, and most of their crews massacred; she was said to be commanded by a Frenchman. Several vessels had been disengaged in search of her. A few days previous to the departure of the Amelias, a Spanish frigate of war (one of the vessels that had been sent to cruise for the pirate) brought to Cadiz an armed vessel with 30 to 35 men; about which time it was reported, that another had been discovered off Cape de Gata, said to have a 9 pounder in the bow, 30 to 35 men, and to be commanded by a Frenchman.

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

EXTEMPORE,

On Mr. West's picture of *Anast* and *Eve* quitting *Paradise*.

By PETER PINDAR.

ADAM! Thy fate was very odd;
Ah, very odd; 't must be confess'd;
Turn'd out of *Paradise*, by *God*,
And murdered afterwards by *WEST*!

ANECDOTE.

Bonnel Thornton, whose nocturnal enjoyments seldom admit of his rising before noon, was admonished by a grave friend that a perseverance in those habits would shorten his days. "Very true," replied the wit, "but by the same habits I contrive to lengthen my nights."

JOSEPH HAMILTON DAVEISS,
Has removed his residence to
LEXINGTON.

18th June, 1802.

WILLIAM WEST,

Has Received and is Just Opening,
In the store lately occupied by Mr. George Tegar-

den.

A Handsome Assortment of

MERCANDISE,

Confisting of

Dry Goods,

Groceries,

Hard Ware;

Queens' Ware;

Gla's Ware,

which have been bought on good terms, and will be

sold for CASH, as cheap as in any in the town.

No Credit can be given on any terms.

Lexington, May 13, 1802.

P. S. I have on hand and unopened,

an Invoice of MERCANDISE, to a coniderable amount, that I wish to sell by whole sale; payable principally in

PRODUCE.—The purchaser must give

good security for the true performance of his contract.

W. W.

TO ALL WHO MAY BE CONCERNED,

TAKE NOTICE, THAT I have appointed JOHN M. BOGGS, of the town of Lexington, my attorney, to transact, adjust and perform all manner of Business, relating to laundry accounts, instruments of writing, papers, &c. now in possession of said Boggs, which the late Joseph Coffey died possessed of.—Also to adjust all lawfull demands against the said Joseph Coffey deceased.

JOHN COBY.

NEW & CHEAP STORE.

Lewis Sanders, & Co.

HAVE received from Philadelphia, & are now opening a choice and general assortment of

MERCANDIZE,

Confisting of

DRY GOODS, viz.

Sopering Cloths

Velvets and Fancy Cords,

Indi Muslins, which they would sell low

for cash, by the original package.

Figured, plain & glazed cambric, &c.

Timbneed & plain Jaconet, &c.

Ditto Pack drts.

A choice assortment of Chintzes & Calicos of the newest and most fashionable patterns;

India silk, Ronals & Bindamas,

Irish Linen, sold very low by the piece;

Luteflens, Sattins & Satinets,

Marcella's Webcoting,

A large assortment of Umbrellas &c.

A very general assortment of Hardware,

Granat, Crawley & English Blister steel,

Vikes,

A general assortment of Saddlery &c.

China, Glass, Queen's & Tin ware,

Groceries,

Coffee, Tea,

Sugar, Dye Stuffs,

Buff Red Bark for sale by the pound or

larger quantity;

Port Wine,

Bengall, Spanish and French Indigo,

Arratto,

Cotton and Wool Cards, &c. &c.

Having laid in the above assortment on

such terms as will enable them to give greater

bargains than has heretofore been given

in this place, they offer themselves that the

purchase will find it his interest to give them a call.

No credit on any terms whatever.

Lexington, 23 April, 1802.

FOR SALE,

THE property lately occupied in this town, by Mr. Arthur Thompson, and at present by Mr. Dallum, consisting of Two New Two Storey

FRAME HOUSES,

Nearly finished, large and convenient Cellars, a

large Kitchen, good Smoke House,

and Five Lotts between the two houses.

Also two hundred acres of GOOD QUALIFIED

LAND, lying on the head of Salt River, about

seventy rods from this town, the title clear of every

kind of dispute; the Land is well watered, but

entirely unimproved. A liberal credit will be given

for the payment, and the whole amount will be re-

duced in Deduct. The terms will be made known

by application to Mr. John Corrigan & Thurtell,

merchants, at Philadelphia, or the subscriber, at

Lexington.

A copy, Telle.

JAMES MAGGOUN,

Has received from Philadelphia, a large and

well chosen assortment of

MERCANDIZE,

of the latest importations from Europe,

A new shop opening at his store no Main street,

Also, nearly opposite the Market house, which will be sold for the LOWEST PRICES for CASH.

Also, from his

Nail Manufacturer,

A constant supply of Cut & Hammered

NAILS, of the best quality.

Lexington, January 18, 1802.

FOR SALE

The following tracts of

L A N D, viz.

ONE tract containing 6337 2-3 acres,

in Knott county, on Rock Calfie river,

at the mouth of Raccoon creek. Also,

3000 acres, Knox county, waters,

Rock Calfie river. Also, 8000 acres,

Knox county, waters, Rock Calfie river.

Also, 2000 acres, Knox county, waters,

Rock Calfie river. Also, 2000 acres,

Franklin county, on Hammard's creek,

and Big Benion. Also, 3000, Mason county,

on the waters Licking creek. Also,

2000 acres, waters, Robinson's creek, waters

of Green river.

The following tracts of LAND,

lying in the state of Virginia. 1500 acres

in Monongahela county, in the forks of

Buffalo Creek, about 20 miles from

Morgantown. Also, 2000 acres on the

waters of Middle Island creek, Harrison county.

Also, 1000 acres on the Ohio river,

in Ohio county. Also, 2000 acres

on the west side of the Little Kanawha

river, in six tracts. Also, 3000 acres

on Mill creek, three miles from its con-

fluence with the Ohio river.

All or any part of the above mentioned

tracts of land, will be offered low.

For further information, apply to Capt.

Benjamin Bailey, living on the South

fork of Elkhorn, near the road leading

to Verona; or to the subscriber, at

Mr. Robert Bradley's, who will shew

the lands.

JAMES BROWN,

attorney in fact for,

ROBERT RU THEREFORD.

Lexington, 18th June 1802.

P. S. Any person willing to purchase,

must make application before the first day

of August next, as the subscriber intends

going to Virginia about that time. J. B.

July 16, 1802.

BLANK DEEDS--for sale.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98

99

100

101

102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169